

The Present Perfect Simple Tense

To make the positive present perfect tense:

- Use 'have' / 'has' + the past participle.
- Make the past participle by adding 'ed' to regular verbs (for example, 'play' becomes 'played').

There are a few verbs that change their spelling when you add 'ed' (for example, 'study' becomes 'studied').

We also have some completely irregular verbs.

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Pos	sitive

• I have played

• You have worked

- He has written
- She has walked
- It has rained
- We have travelled
- They have studied

Positive Short Form

- I've played
- You've worked
- He's written
- She's walked
- It's rained
- We've travelled
- They've studied

The negative is really simple too. Just put 'not' after 'have' or 'has':

Negative

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- I have not eaten breakfast today
- You have not been to Asia
- He **has not seen** the new film
- She has not played tennis
- It has not snowed this winter
- We have not slept all night
- They have not tried the food

Negative Short Form

- I haven't eaten
- You haven't been
- He hasn't seen
- She hasn't played
- It hasn't snowed
- We haven't slept
- They haven't tried



To make a question, put 'have' or 'has' in front of the subject:

'Yes / No' Questions

- **Have** I **missed** the bus?
- **Have** you **visited** London?
- **Has** he **worked** as a waiter before?
- **Has** she **met** John?
- **Has** it **been** cold this week?
- **Have** we **arrived** too early?
- **Have** they **studied** English grammar before?

As you can imagine, for 'wh' questions, we just put the question word before 'have' or 'has':

'Wh' Questions

- Where **have** I **left** my umbrella?
- What **have** you **done** today?
- Why **has** he **gone** already?
- Where **has** she **been** in the UK?
- Why **has** it **rained** so much this summer?
- What **have** we **done**?
- Where **have** they **learned** English before?